2nde 4 – Corrigé de l'interrogation de mathématiques n°1

Exercice 1 :

$$A = \dfrac{5 + \dfrac{3}{4} - \dfrac{1}{3}}{5 - \dfrac{3}{4} + \dfrac{1}{3}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{5 \times 12}{1 \times 12} + \dfrac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 3} - \dfrac{1 \times 4}{3 \times 4}}{\dfrac{5 \times 12}{1 \times 12} - \dfrac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 3} + \dfrac{1 \times 4}{4 \times 4}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{60}{12} + \dfrac{9}{12} - \dfrac{4}{12}}{\dfrac{60}{12} - \dfrac{9}{12} + \dfrac{4}{12}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{65}{12}}{\dfrac{55}{12}} = \dfrac{65}{55} = \boxed{\dfrac{13}{11}}$$

$$B = \dfrac{4}{5} - \dfrac{12}{25} \times \dfrac{30}{2} \times \dfrac{-14}{9}$$

$$B = \dfrac{4}{5} + \dfrac{3 \times 4 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3 \times 2 \times 7}{5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$B = \dfrac{4}{5} + \dfrac{56}{5}$$

$$B = \dfrac{60}{5} = \boxed{12}$$

Exercice 2 :

$$C = \dfrac{18 \times 10^7 \times 25 \times (10^{-3})^5}{15 \times 10^{14}}$$

$$C = \dfrac{18 \times 25}{15} \times \dfrac{10^7 \times 10^{-15}}{10^{14}}$$

$$C = \dfrac{3 \times 6 \times 5 \times 5}{3 \times 5} \times \dfrac{10^{-8}}{10^{14}}$$

$$C = 30 \times 10^{-22}$$

$$C = \boxed{3 \times 10^{-21}}$$

Exercice 3 :

$$D = 3\sqrt{54} + 2\sqrt{24} - 5\sqrt{96}$$
$$D = 3\sqrt{9 \times 6} + 2\sqrt{4 \times 6} - 5\sqrt{16 \times 6}$$
$$D = 3\sqrt{9}\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{4}\sqrt{6} - 5\sqrt{16}\sqrt{6}$$
$$D = 9\sqrt{6} + 4\sqrt{6} - 20\sqrt{6}$$
$$D = \boxed{-7\sqrt{6}}$$

Exercice 4 :

1) $G(x) = 16x^2 - (3 - 2x)^2$
$G(x) = 16x^2 - (9 - 12x + 4x^2)$
$G(x) = 16x^2 - 9 + 12x - 4x^2$
$\boxed{G(x) = 12x^2 + 12x - 9}$

2) $G(x) = 16x^2 - (3 - 2x)^2$
$G(x) = (4x)^2 - (3 - 2x)^2$
$G(x) = [4x - (3 - 2x)][4x + 3 - 2x]$
$G(x) = [4x - 3 + 2x][4x + 3 - 2x]$
$\boxed{G(x) = (6x - 3)(2x + 3)}$
$\boxed{G(x) = 3(2x - 1)(2x + 3)}$

3) $G(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (6x - 3)(2x + 3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 6x - 3 = 0$ ou $2x + 3 = 0$

$G(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 6x = 3$ ou $2x = -3 \Leftrightarrow x = \dfrac{3}{6} = \dfrac{1}{2}$ ou $x = -\dfrac{3}{2}$ $\boxed{S = \{-\dfrac{3}{2}\,;\dfrac{1}{2}\}}$

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Exercice 1 :

$$A = \dfrac{5 - \dfrac{3}{4} + \dfrac{1}{3}}{5 + \dfrac{3}{4} - \dfrac{1}{3}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{5 \times 12}{1 \times 12} - \dfrac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 3} + \dfrac{1 \times 4}{3 \times 4}}{\dfrac{5 \times 12}{1 \times 12} + \dfrac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 3} - \dfrac{1 \times 4}{3 \times 4}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{60}{12} - \dfrac{9}{12} + \dfrac{4}{12}}{\dfrac{60}{12} + \dfrac{9}{12} - \dfrac{4}{12}}$$

$$A = \dfrac{\dfrac{55}{12}}{\dfrac{65}{12}} = \dfrac{55}{65} = \boxed{\dfrac{11}{13}}$$

$$B = \dfrac{3}{5} - \dfrac{12}{15} \times \dfrac{30}{2} \times \dfrac{-7}{15}$$

$$B = \dfrac{3}{5} + \dfrac{3 \times 4 \times 15 \times 2 \times 7}{15 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5}$$

$$B = \dfrac{3}{5} + \dfrac{4 \times 7}{15}$$

$$B = \dfrac{3}{5} + \dfrac{28}{5} = \boxed{\dfrac{31}{5}}$$

Exercice 2 :

$$C = \dfrac{12 \times 10^8 \times 25 \times (10^{-4})^4}{15 \times 10^{12}}$$

$$C = \dfrac{12 \times 25}{15} \times \dfrac{10^8 \times 10^{-16}}{10^{12}}$$

$$C = \dfrac{3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 5}{3 \times 5} \times \dfrac{10^{-8}}{10^{12}}$$

$$C = 20 \times 10^{-20}$$

$$C = \boxed{2 \times 10^{-19}}$$

Exercice 3 :

$$D = 3\sqrt{45} + 4\sqrt{20} - 5\sqrt{80}$$
$$D = 3\sqrt{9 \times 5} + 4\sqrt{4 \times 5} - 5\sqrt{16 \times 5}$$
$$D = 3\sqrt{9}\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} - 5\sqrt{16}\sqrt{5}$$
$$D = 9\sqrt{5} + 8\sqrt{5} - 20\sqrt{5}$$
$$\boxed{D = -3\sqrt{5}}$$

Exercice 4 :

1) $G(x) = 9x^2 - (5 - 2x)^2$
   $G(x) = 9x^2 - (25 - 20x + 4x^2)$
   $G(x) = 9x^2 - 25 + 20x - 4x^2$
   $\boxed{G(x) = 5x^2 + 20x - 25}$

2) $G(x) = 9x^2 - (5 - 2x)^2$
   $G(x) = (3x)^2 - (5 - 2x)^2$
   $G(x) = [3x - (5 - 2x)][3x + 5 - 2x]$
   $G(x) = (3x - 5 + 2x)(x + 5)$
   $\boxed{G(x) = (5x - 5)(x + 5)}$
   $\boxed{G(x) = 5(x - 1)(x + 5)}$

3) $G(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (5x - 5)(x + 5) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 5x - 5 = 0$ ou $x + 5 = 0$

$\Leftrightarrow 5x = 5$ ou $x = -5 \Leftrightarrow x = 1$ ou $x = -5$ $\qquad S = \{-5 ; 1\}$